

Ptutorial: Using and Extending Ptolemy II

Edward A. Lee

Robert S. Pepper Distinguished Professor and
Chair of EECS, UC Berkeley



EECS 249 Guest Lecture

**Berkeley, CA
September 8, 2009**



References

- Ptolemy project home page:
<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/>
- Tutorial: Building Ptolemy II Models Graphically:
<http://www.eecs.berkeley.edu/Pubs/TechRpts/2007/EECS-2007-129.html>
- Latest release:
<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptolemyII/ptIIlatest/>
- Latest version in the SVN repository:
<http://chess.eecs.berkeley.edu/ptexternal/>

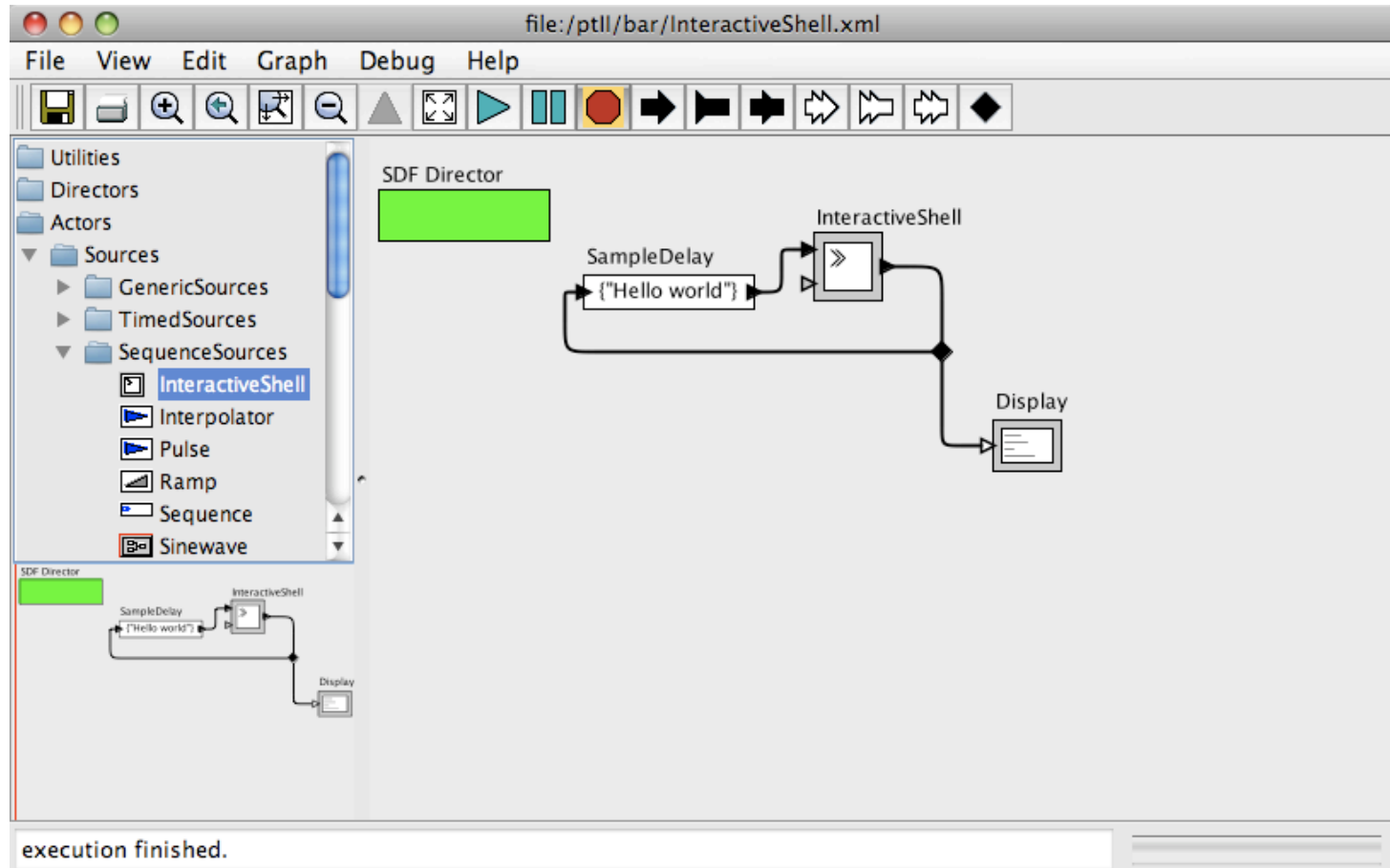


Outline

- Simple model building
- Writing actors
- Writing directors



Building Models





Outline

- Simple model building
- Writing actors
- Writing directors

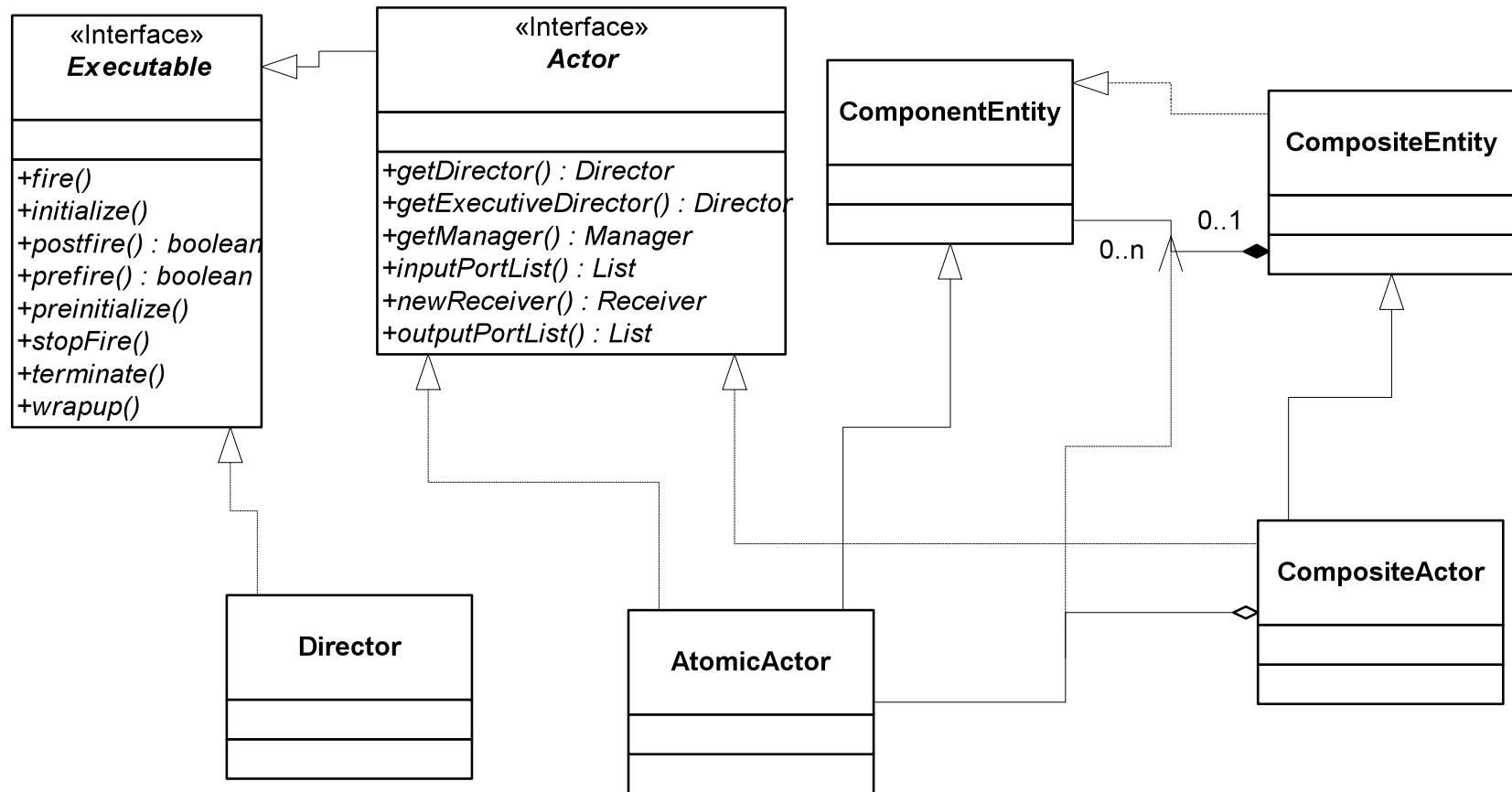


Simple String Manipulation Actor

```
public class Ptolemyizer extends TypedAtomicActor {
    public Ptolemyizer(CompositeEntity container, String name)
        throws IllegalArgumentException, NameDuplicationException {
        super(container, name);
        input = new TypedIOPort(this, "input");
        input.setTypeEquals(BaseType.STRING);
        input.setInput(true);
        output = new TypedIOPort(this, "output");
        output.setTypeEquals(BaseType.STRING);
        output.setOutput(true);
    }
    public TypedIOPort input;
    public TypedIOPort output;
    public void fire() throws IllegalArgumentException {
        if (input.hasToken(0)) {
            Token token = input.get(0);
            String result = ((StringToken)token).stringValue();
            result = result.replaceAll("t", "pt");
            output.send(0, new StringToken(result));
        }
    }
}
```



Object Model for Executable Components



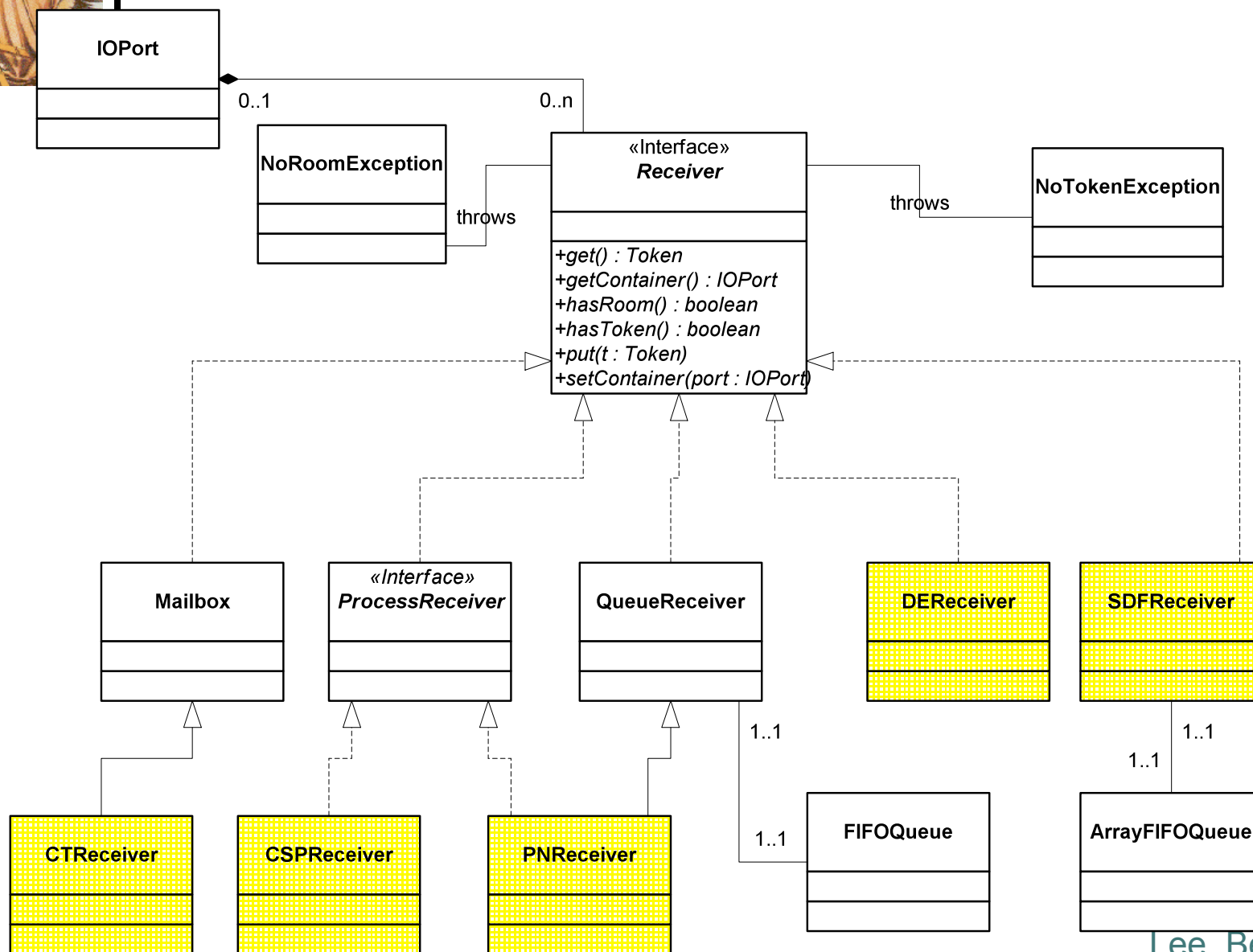


Outline

- Simple model building
- Writing actors
- Writing directors

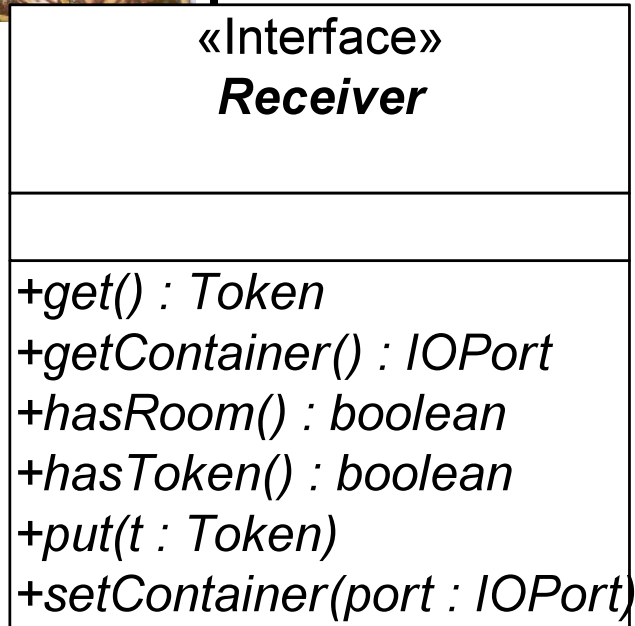


Object Model (Simplified) for Communication Infrastructure



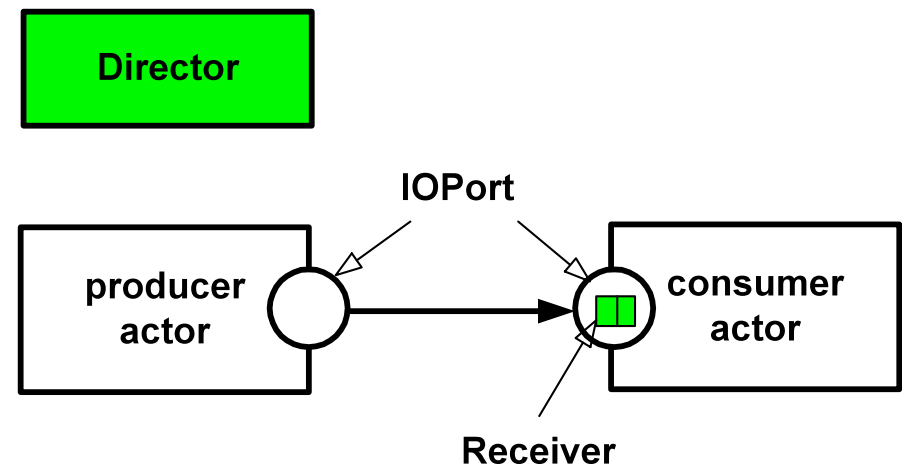


Object-Oriented Approach to Achieving Behavioral Polymorphism



These polymorphic methods implement the communication semantics of a domain in Ptolemy II. The receiver instance used in communication is supplied by the director, not by the component.

Recall: Behavioral polymorphism is the idea that components can be defined to operate with multiple models of computation and multiple middleware frameworks.





Extension Exercise

Build a director that subclasses `PNDirector` to allow ports to alter the “blocking read” behavior. In particular, if a port has a parameter named “`tellTheTruth`” then the receivers that your director creates should “tell the truth” when `hasToken()` is called. That is, instead of always returning true, they should return true only if there is a token in the receiver.

Parameterizing the behavior of a receiver is a simple form of communication refinement, a key principle in, for example, *Metropolis*.



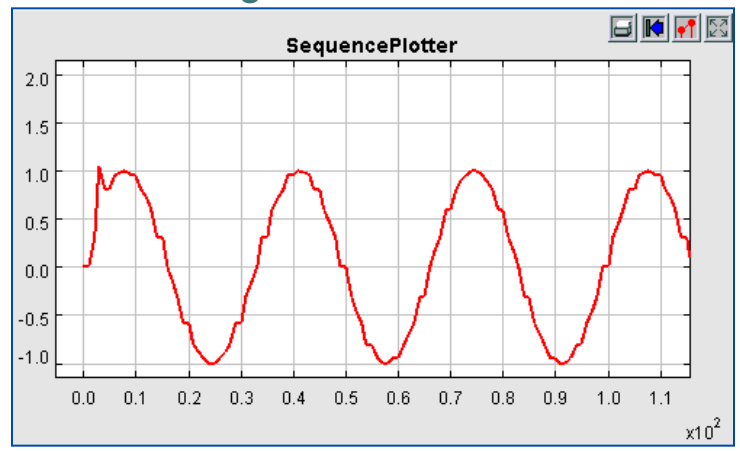
Implementation of the NondogmaticPNDirector

```
package doc.tutorial;
import ...
public class NondogmaticPNDirector extends PNDirector {
    public NondogmaticPNDirector(CompositeEntity container, String name)
        throws IllegalArgumentException, NameDuplicationException {
        super(container, name);
    }
    public Receiver newReceiver() {
        return new FlexibleReceiver();
    }
    public class FlexibleReceiver extends PNQueueReceiver {
        public boolean hasToken() {
            IOPort port = getContainer();
            Attribute attribute = port.getAttribute("tellTheTruth");
            if (attribute == null) {
                return super.hasToken();
            }
            // Tell the truth...
            return _queue.size() > 0;
        }
    }
}
```

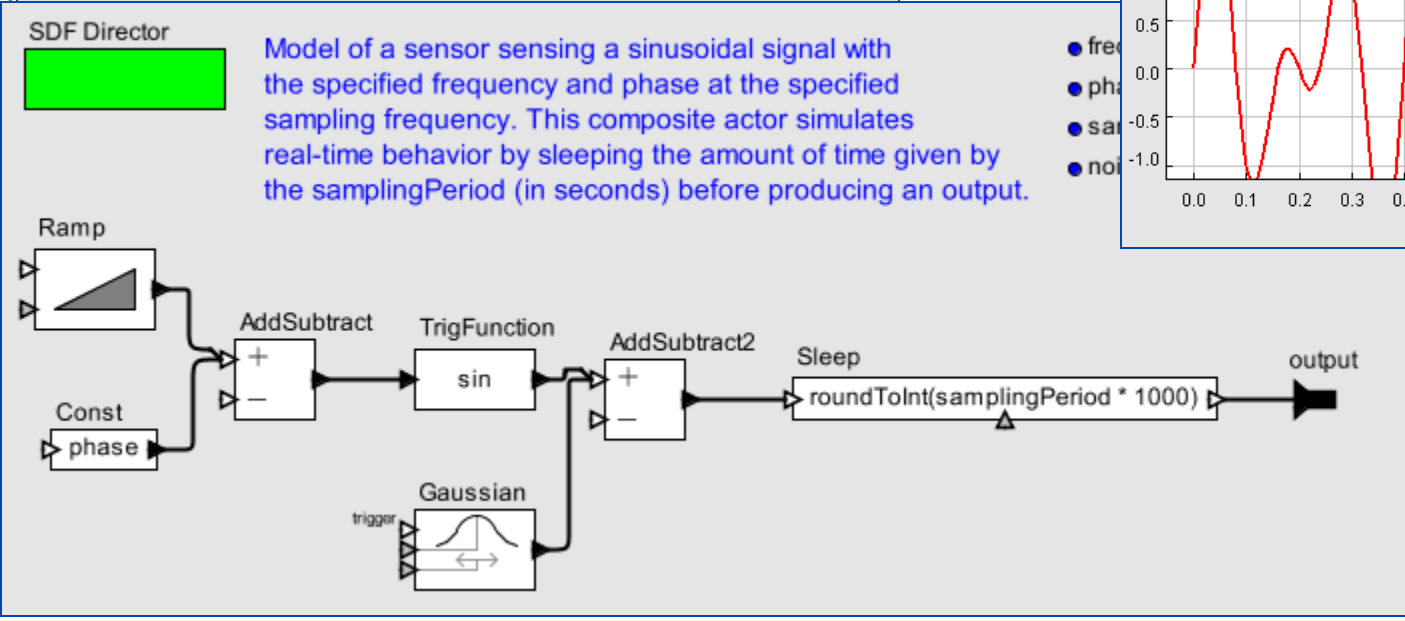
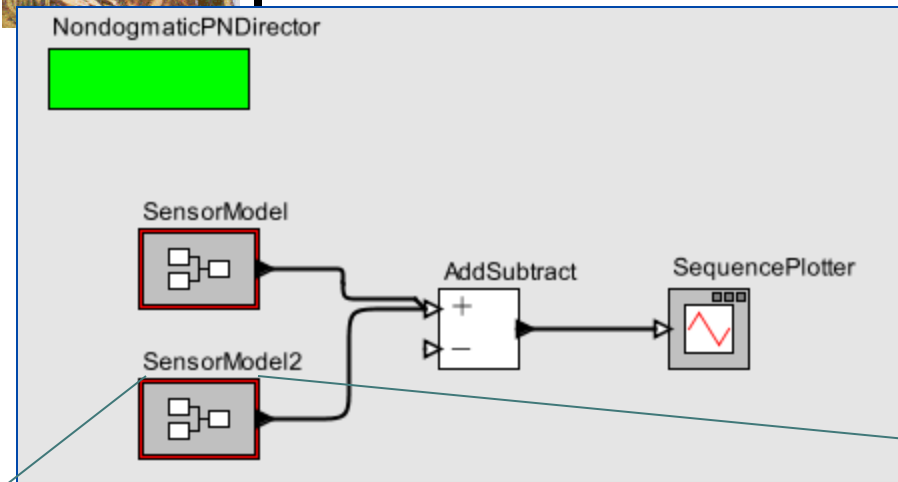
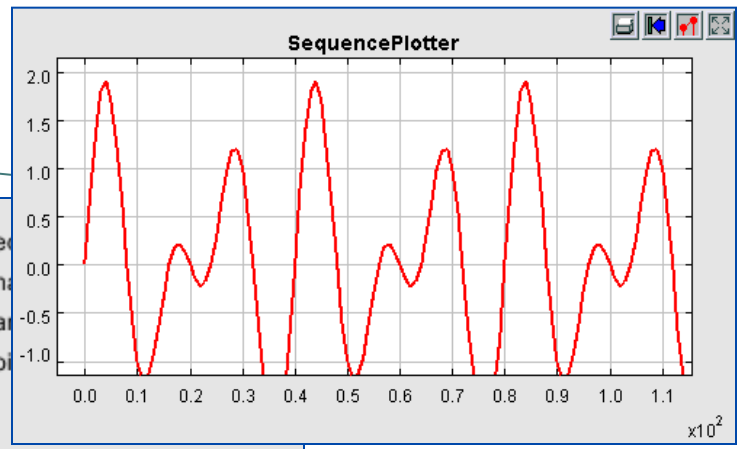


Using It

With NondogmaticPNDirector:



With PNDirector:



- fre
- pha
- sam
- noi



Extension Exercise 2

Build a director that subclasses Director and allows different receiver classes to be used on different connections. This is a form of what we call “amorphous heterogeneity.”

```

package doc.tutorial;
import ...
public class AmorphousDirector extends Director {
    public AmorphousDirector(CompositeEntity container, String name)
        throws IllegalArgumentException, NameDuplicationException {
        super(container, name);
    }
    public Receiver newReceiver() {
        return new DelegatingReceiver();
    }
    public class DelegatingReceiver extends AbstractReceiver {
        private Receiver _receiver;
        public DelegatingReceiver() {
            super();
            _receiver = new SDFReceiver();
        }
        public DelegatingReceiver(IOPort container) throws IllegalArgumentException {
            super(container);
            _receiver = new SDFReceiver(container);
        }

        public void clear() throws IllegalArgumentException {
            IOPort container = getContainer();
            if (container != null) {
                StringParameter receiverClass = (StringParameter)
                    container.getAttribute("receiverClass", StringParameter.class);
                if (receiverClass != null) {
                    String className = ((StringToken)receiverClass.getToken()).stringValue();
                    try {
                        Class desiredClass = Class.forName(className);
                        _receiver = (Receiver)desiredClass.newInstance();
                    } catch (Exception e) {
                        throw new IllegalArgumentException(container, e,
                            "Invalid class for receiver: " + className);
                    }
                }
            }
            _receiver.clear();
        }

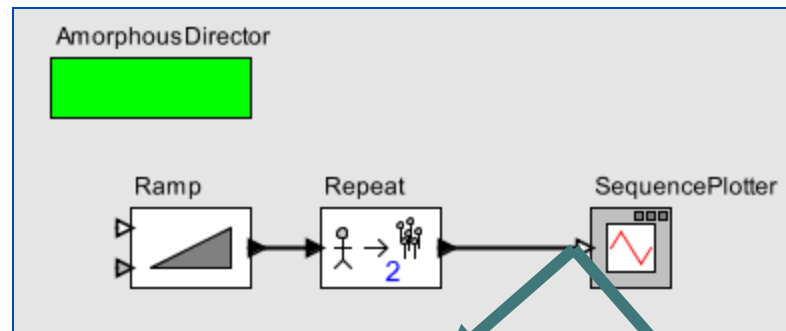
        public Token get() throws NoTokenException {
            return _receiver.get();
        }
    }
}

```

Implementation of the AmorphousDirector



Using It



Edit parameters for input

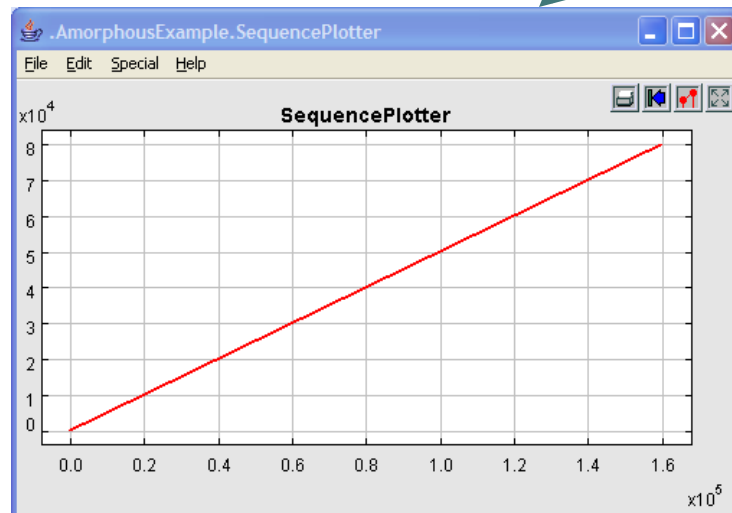
receiverClass:

Buttons: Commit, Add, Remove, Restore Defaults, Preferences, Help, Cancel

Edit parameters for input

receiverClass:

Buttons: Commit, Add, Remove, Restore Defaults, Preferences, Help



Exception

Invalid class for receiver: ptolemy.actor.MailboxReceiver in .AmorphousExample.SequencePlotter.input
Because:
ptolemy.actor.MailboxReceiver

Buttons: Dismiss, Display Stack Trace



Extension Exercise 3

Build a director that fires actors in left-to-right order, as they are laid out on the screen.

```

package doc.tutorial;
import java.util.Comparator;
import ...
public class LeftRightDirector extends StaticSchedulingDirector {
    public LeftRightDirector(CompositeEntity container, String name) ... {
        super(container, name);
        setScheduler(new LeftRightScheduler(this, "LeftRightScheduler"));
    }
    public class LeftRightScheduler extends Scheduler {
        public LeftRightScheduler(LeftRightDirector director, String name) ... {
            super(director, name);
        }
        protected Schedule _getSchedule() ... {
            StaticSchedulingDirector director = (StaticSchedulingDirector) getContainer();
            CompositeActor compositeActor = (CompositeActor) (director.getContainer());
            List actors = compositeActor.deepEntityList();
            Iterator actorIterator = actors.iterator();
            TreeSet sortedActors = new TreeSet(new LeftRightComparator());
            while (actorIterator.hasNext()) {
                Actor actor = (Actor) actorIterator.next();
                sortedActors.add(actor);
            }
            Schedule schedule = new Schedule();
            Iterator sortedActorsIterator = sortedActors.iterator();
            while (sortedActorsIterator.hasNext()) {
                Actor actor = (Actor) sortedActorsIterator.next();
                Firing firing = new Firing();
                firing.setActor(actor);
                schedule.add(firing);
            }

            return schedule;
        }
    }
    public class LeftRightComparator implements Comparator {

        public int compare(Object o1, Object o2) {
            ...
        }
        public boolean equals(Object o) {
            ...
        }
    }
}
}

```

Implementation of the LeftRightDirector



Ptolemy II Extension Points

- Define actors
- Interface to foreign tools (e.g. Python, MATLAB)
- Interface to verification tools (e.g. Chic)
- Define actor definition languages
- Define directors (and models of computation)
- Define visual editors
- Define textual syntaxes and editors
- Packaged, branded configurations

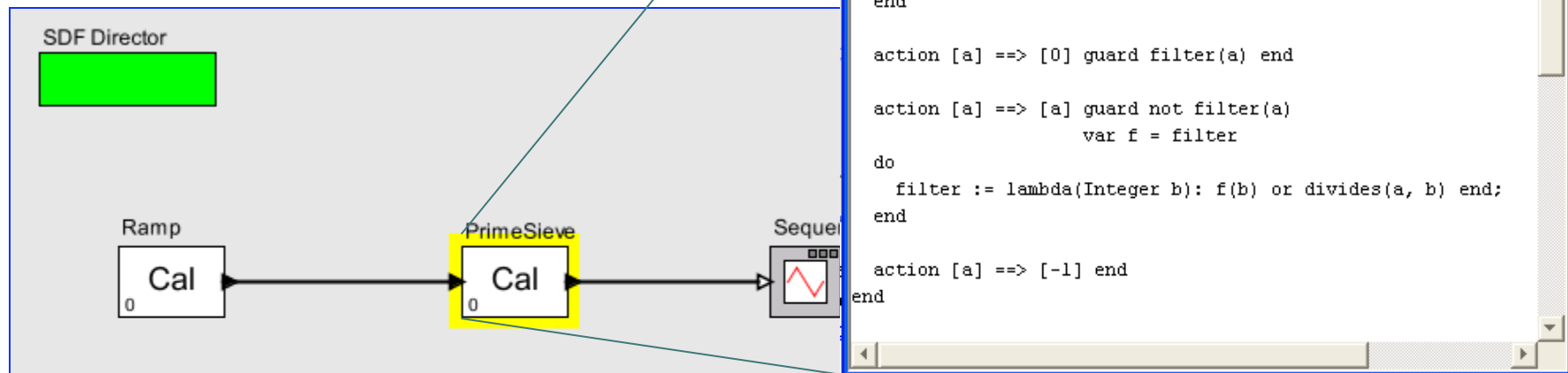
- All of our “domains” are extensions built on a core infrastructure.



Example Extensions

Python Actors, Cal Actors, MATLAB Actors

- Cal is an experimental language for defining actors that is analyzable for key behavioral properties.



This model demonstrates the use of function closures inside a CAL actor.

The PrimeSieve actor uses nested function closures to realize the Sieve of Eratosthenes, a method for finding prime numbers. Its state variable, "filter," contains the current filter function. If it is "false" a new prime number has been found, and a new filter function will be generated.

The PrimeSieve actor expects an ascending sequence of natural numbers, starting from 2, as input.



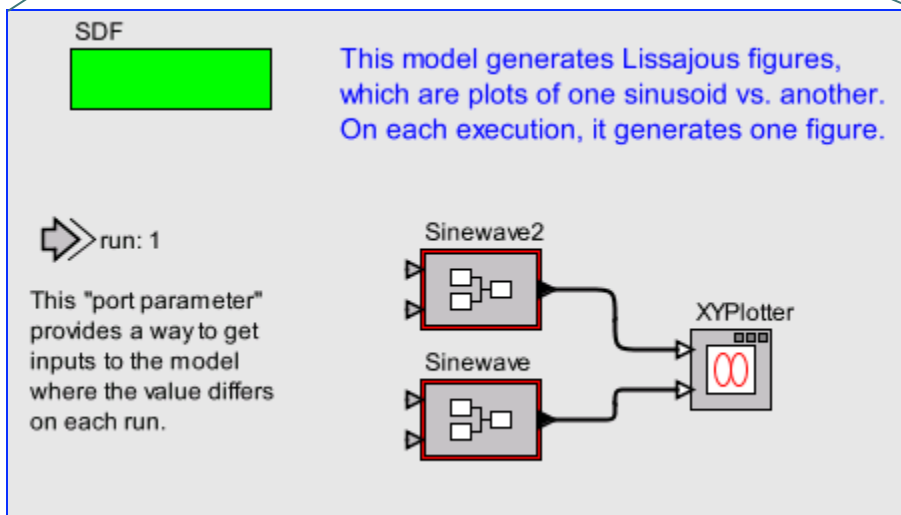
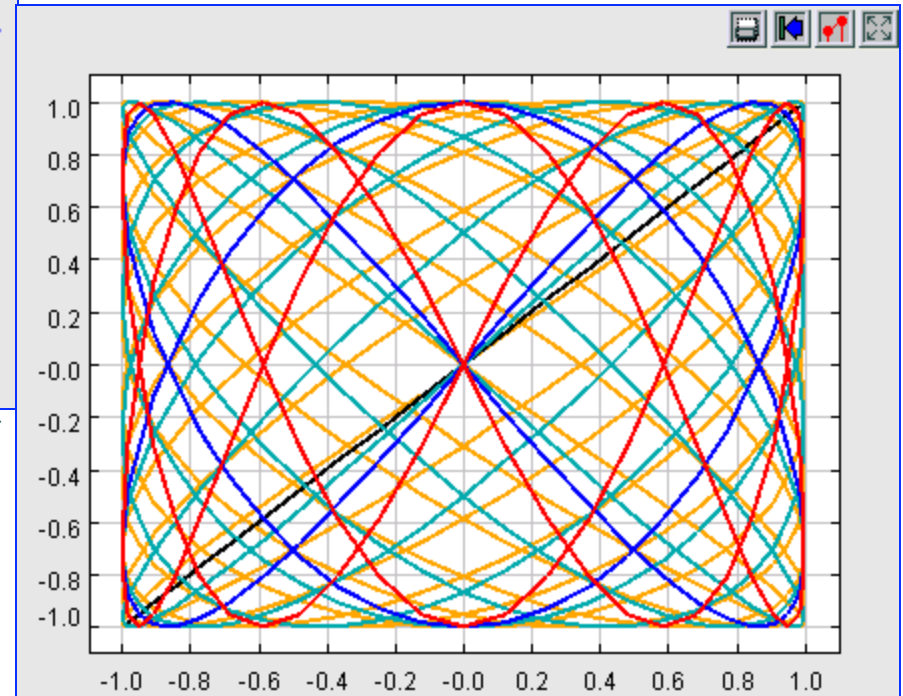
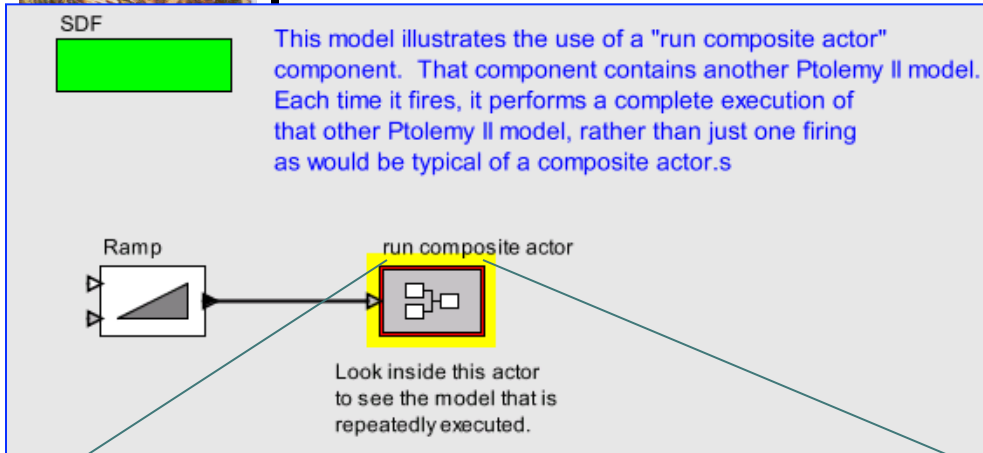
Ptolemy II Extension Points

- Define actors
- Interface to foreign tools (e.g. Python, MATLAB)
- Interface to verification tools (e.g. Chic)
- Define actor definition languages
- Define directors (and models of computation)
- Define visual editors
- Define textual syntaxes and editors
- Packaged, branded configurations

- All of our “domains” are extensions built on a core infrastructure.



Example Extensions Using Models to Control Models

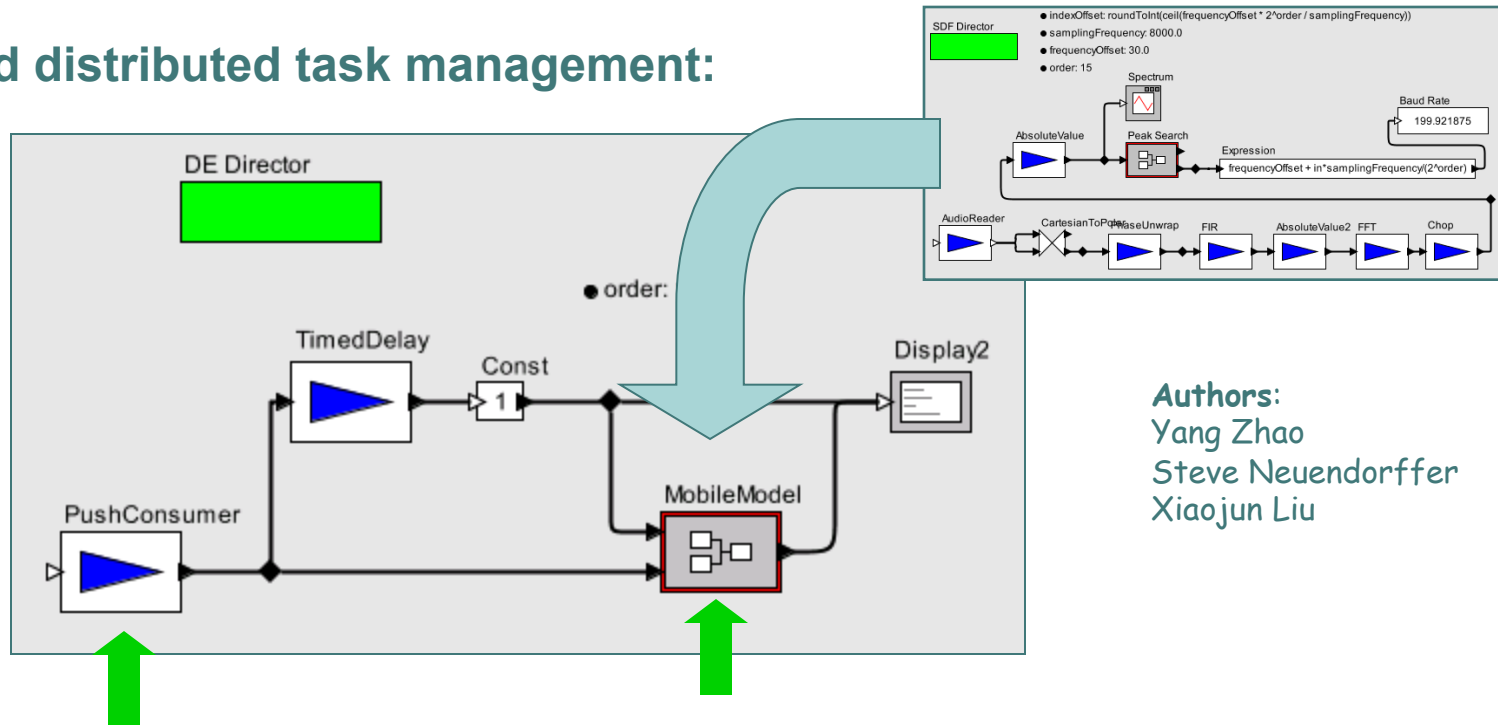


- o This is an example of a "higher-order component," or an actor that references one or more other actors.



Examples of Extensions Mobile Models

Model-based distributed task management:



Authors:
Yang Zhao
Steve Neuendorffer
Xiaojun Liu

PushConsumer actor receives pushed data provided via CORBA, where the data is an XML model of a signal analysis algorithm.

MobileModel actor accepts a StringToken containing an XML description of a model. It then executes that model on a stream of input data.



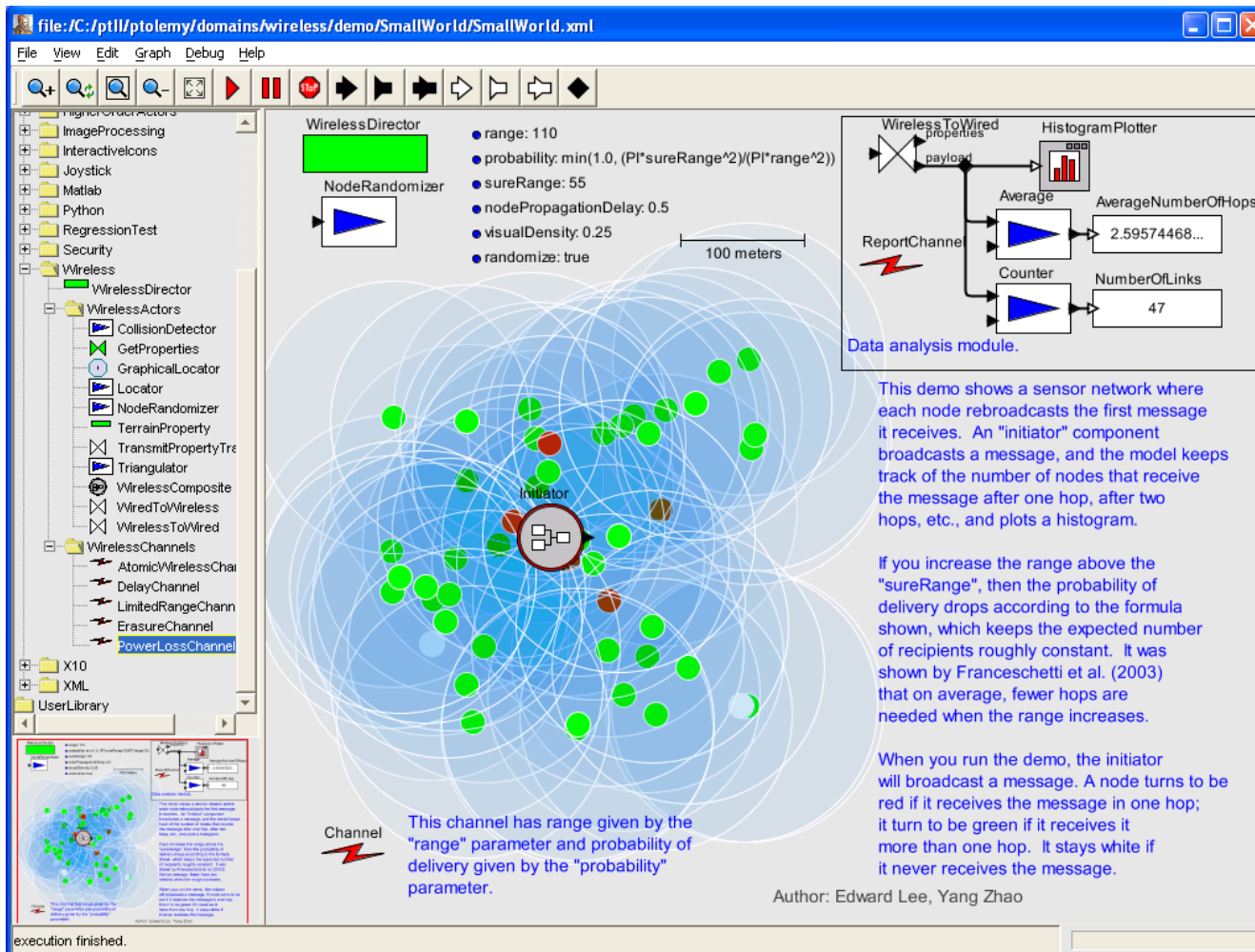
Ptolemy II Extension Points

- Define actors
- Interface to foreign tools (e.g. Python, MATLAB)
- Interface to verification tools (e.g. Chic)
- Define actor definition languages
- Define directors (and models of computation)
- Define visual editors
- Define textual syntaxes and editors
- Packaged, branded configurations

All of our “domains” are extensions built on a core infrastructure.



Extension of Discrete-Event Modeling for Wireless Sensor Nets



VisualSense extends the Ptolemy II discrete-event domain with communication between actors representing sensor nodes being mediated by a *channel*, which is another actor.

The example at the left shows a grid of nodes that relay messages from an *initiator* (center) via a channel that models a low (but non-zero) probability of long range links being viable.



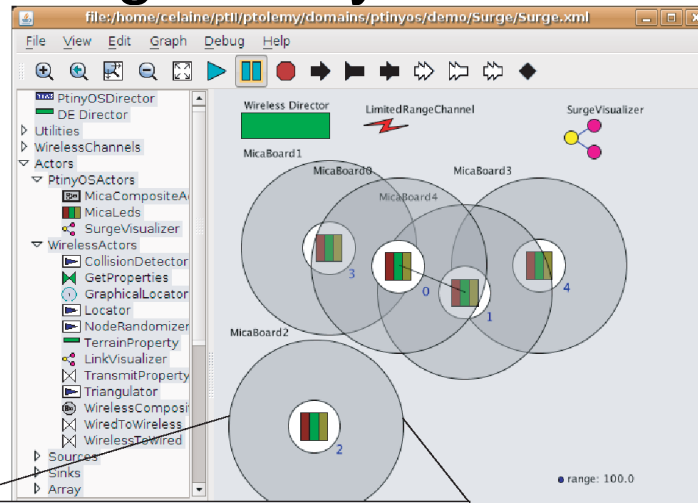
Viptos: Extension of VisualSense with Programming of TinyOS nodes

Viptos demo:
Multihop routing (Surge)

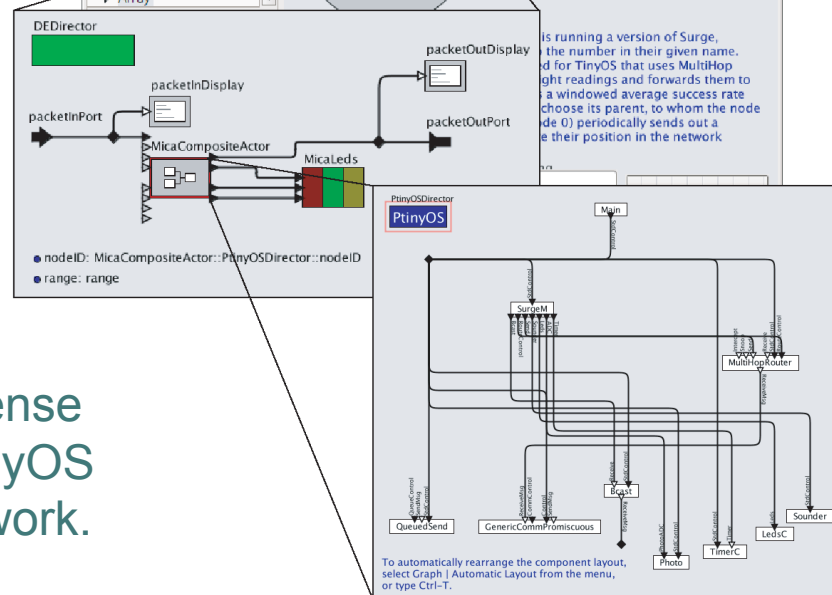


Hardware

Viptos extends VisualSense with programming of TinyOS nodes in a wireless network. See the Ph.D. thesis of Elaine Cheong (Aug 2007).



Physical environment
Simulation
(with visualization of routing tree)



Software
Code generation:
Models to nesC.



Another Extension: HyVisual – Hybrid System Modeling Tool Based on Ptolemy II

Refinement Solver

This models the dynamics of a ball falling in a gravitational field.

file://C:/hyzheng/ptll/ptolemy/configs/hyvisual/intro.htm

File Help

HyVisual 2.2-beta - Hybrid System Visual Modeler

Block-diagram editor and simulator for hybrid systems.

- [Documentation](#)
- [Copyright](#)

To start immediately by creating a hybrid system, select File, New, Graph Editor from the menu bar. Select Help from the Help menu for instructions on creating a model.

Hybrid systems are systems with continuous-time dynamics, discrete events, and discrete mode changes. This visual modeler supports construction of hierarchical hybrid systems. It uses a block-diagram representation of ordinary differential equations (ODEs) to define continuous dynamics. It uses a bubble-and-arc diagram representation of finite

File Edit Special Help

Position

height meters

time (sec)

stop

free

abs(position) < stopped

true free

bump_isPresent

free.initialVelocity = -elasticity * velocity; free.initialPosition = position

HyVisual was first released in January 2003.



Another Extension: Kepler: Aimed at Scientific Workflows

Key capabilities added by Kepler:

- Database interfaces
- Data and actor ontologies
- Web service wrappers
- Grid service wrappers
- Semantic types
- Provenance tracking
- Authentication framework

A simple example of using EML data. First, a search is done in the Data pane to locate an EML-described data set, which is dragged onto the workflow canvas. The EML data source is added to the workflow, and then it contacts the EcoGrid server to download the data and configure the ports. After being configured, it displays the ports from the EML data source, which are then mapped into an XY scatterplot.

6 results returned.

execution finished.

Service Name	Document Type
KNB Metacat EcoGrid QueryInterface	Ecological Metadata Language 2.0.0
KU Digir EcoGrid QueryInterface	Ecological Metadata Language 2.0.1
GEON Search QueryInterface	Darwin Core 1.0
	ADEPT/DLESE/NASA 0.6.50

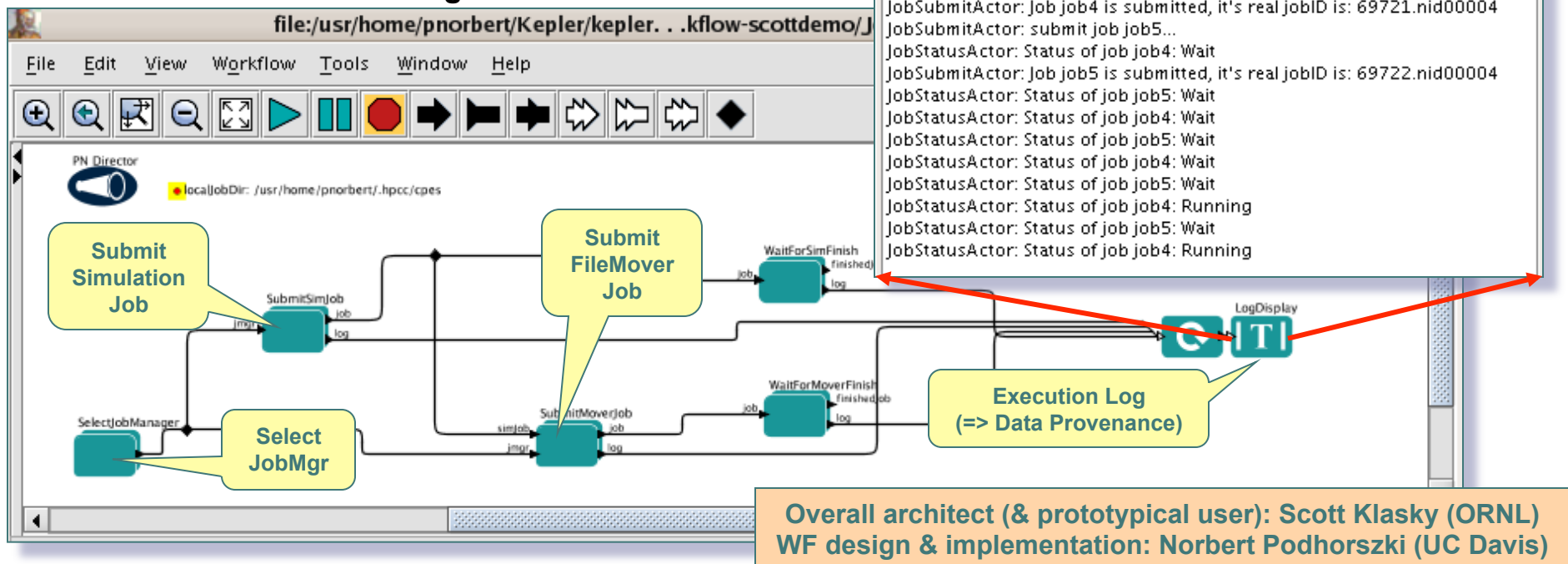
This example shows the use of data ontologies and database wrappers.



Kepler as an Interface to the Grid

CPES Fusion Simulation Workflow

- **Fusion Simulation Codes:** (a) GTC; (b) XGC with M3D
 - e.g. (a) currently 4,800 (soon: 9,600) nodes Cray XT3; 9.6TB RAM; 1.5TB simulation data/run
- **GOAL:**
 - automate remote simulation **job submission**
 - continuous **file movement** to **analysis cluster** for dynamic visualization & simulation control
 - ... with **runtime-configurable observables**

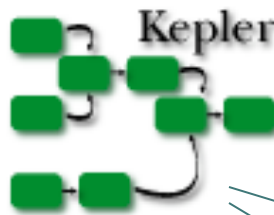




Leverage: Kepler is a Team Effort



Ptolemy II



Other contributors:

- Chesire (UK Text Mining Center)
- DART (Great Barrier Reef, Australia)
- National Digital Archives + UCSD-TV (US)

- ...

Contributor names and funding info are at the Kepler website: <http://kepler-project.org>



Getting More Information: Documentation



PTOLEMY II HETEROGENEOUS CONCURRENT MODELING AND DESIGN IN JAVA

Edited by:
Christopher Hylands, Edward A. Lee, Jie Liu, Xiaojun
Liu, Steve Neuendorffer, Yuhong Xiong, Haiyang Zheng

VOLUME 1: INTRODUCTION TO PTOLEMY II

Authors:
Shuvra S. Bhattacharyya
Elaine Cheong
John Davis, II
Mudit Goel
Bart Kienhuis
Christopher Hylands
Edward A. Lee
Jie Liu
Xiaojun Liu
Lukito Muljadi
Steve Neuendorffer
John Reekie
Neil Smyth
Jeff Tsay
Brian Vogel
Winthrop Williams
Yuhong Xiong
Yang Zhao
Haiyang Zheng

Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences
University of California at Berkeley
<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu>

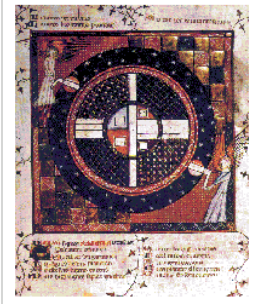
Document Version 3.0
for use with Ptolemy II 3.0
June 8, 2003

Memorandum UCB/ERL M03/TBA
Earlier versions:
• UCB/ERL M02/23
• UCB/ERL M99/40
• UCB/ERL M01/12

This project is supported by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA), the National Science Foundation, Chess (the Center for Hybrid and Embedded Software Systems), the State of California MICRO program, and the following companies: Agilent, Amel, Cadence, Hitachi, Honeywell, National Semiconductor, Philips, and Wind River Systems.



Volume 1:
User-Oriented



PTOLEMY II HETEROGENEOUS CONCURRENT MODELING AND DESIGN IN JAVA

Edited by:
Christopher Hylands, Edward A. Lee, Jie Liu, Xiaojun
Liu, Steve Neuendorffer, Yuhong Xiong, Haiyang Zheng

VOLUME 2: PTOLEMY II SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

Authors:
Shuvra S. Bhattacharyya
Elaine Cheong
John Davis, II
Mudit Goel
Bart Kienhuis
Christopher Hylands
Edward A. Lee
Jie Liu
Xiaojun Liu
Lukito Muljadi
Steve Neuendorffer
John Reekie
Neil Smyth
Jeff Tsay
Brian Vogel
Winthrop Williams
Yuhong Xiong
Yang Zhao
Haiyang Zheng

Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences
University of California at Berkeley
<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu>

Document Version 3.0
for use with Ptolemy II 3.0
June 8, 2003

Memorandum UCB/ERL M03/TBA
Earlier versions:
• UCB/ERL M02/23
• UCB/ERL M99/40
• UCB/ERL M01/12

This project is supported by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA), the National Science Foundation, Chess (the Center for Hybrid and Embedded Software Systems), the State of California MICRO program, and the following companies: Agilent, Amel, Cadence, Hitachi, Honeywell, National Semiconductor, Philips, and Wind River Systems.



Volume 2:
Developer-Oriented



PTOLEMY II HETEROGENEOUS CONCURRENT MODELING AND DESIGN IN JAVA

Edited by:
Christopher Hylands, Edward A. Lee, Jie Liu, Xiaojun
Liu, Steve Neuendorffer, Yuhong Xiong, Haiyang Zheng

VOLUME 3: PTOLEMY II DOMAINS

Authors:
Shuvra S. Bhattacharyya
Elaine Cheong
John Davis, II
Mudit Goel
Bart Kienhuis
Christopher Hylands
Edward A. Lee
Jie Liu
Xiaojun Liu
Lukito Muljadi
Steve Neuendorffer
John Reekie
Neil Smyth
Jeff Tsay
Brian Vogel
Winthrop Williams
Yuhong Xiong
Yang Zhao
Haiyang Zheng

Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Sciences
University of California at Berkeley
<http://ptolemy.eecs.berkeley.edu>

Document Version 3.0
for use with Ptolemy II 3.0
June 8, 2003

Memorandum UCB/ERL M03/TBA
Earlier versions:
• UCB/ERL M02/23
• UCB/ERL M99/40
• UCB/ERL M01/12

This project is supported by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA), the National Science Foundation, Chess (the Center for Hybrid and Embedded Software Systems), the State of California MICRO program, and the following companies: Agilent, Amel, Cadence, Hitachi, Honeywell, National Semiconductor, Philips, and Wind River Systems.



Volume 3:
Researcher-Oriented

Tutorial information: <http://ptolemy/conferences/07/tutorial.htm>