Dancing Driving Robots (DDR)

Anthony Castro, Vashisht Madhavan, Stephen Martinis

Summary

DDR is a time-trial based game in which a user interacts with a GUI and Leap Motion to control an iRobot.

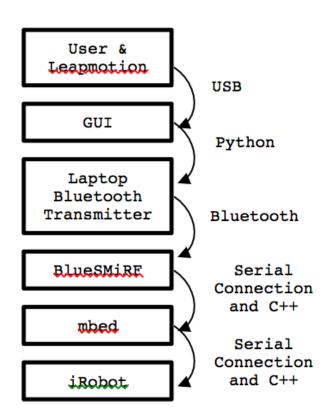
If you can travel the goal distance before the song ends, then you win. Else you lose!

Inspired by popular arcade game: Dance Dance Revolution



Demo Time!

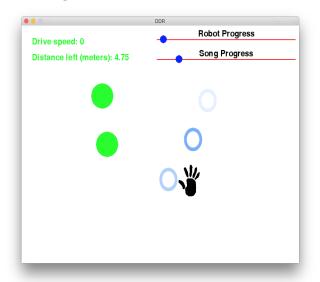
How it works



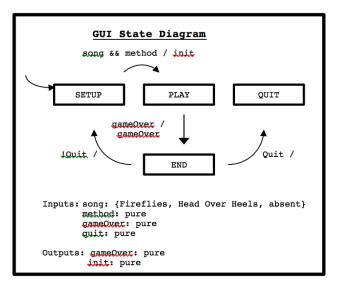
The Leap Motion and GUI

Leap Motion is a motion sensor that sends data to a computer via USB.

Using this data and the Leap Motion Python SDK, we constructed the GUI



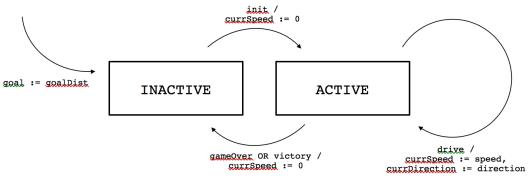




The iRobot

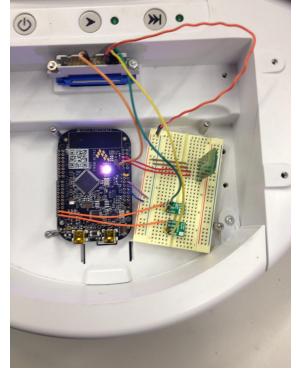
Outputs: None

iRobot Navigation State Chart



```
Inputs: init: pure Continuous Variables:
drive: pure currSpeed:
gameOver: pure currDirection: {Forward, Backward, absent}
speed:
direction: {Forward, Backward, absent}
victory: {true, false, absent}
goalDist:
```

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Design inspired by: http://developer.mbed.org/cookbook/iRobot-Create-Robot

Communication

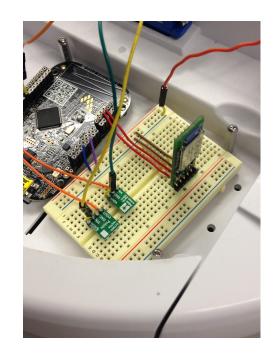
Packet transmission via Bluetooth

Created custom Bluetooth protocol for transactions

Packets formatted as such:

[OpCode] [Packet ID] [Packet Data] [Checksum]

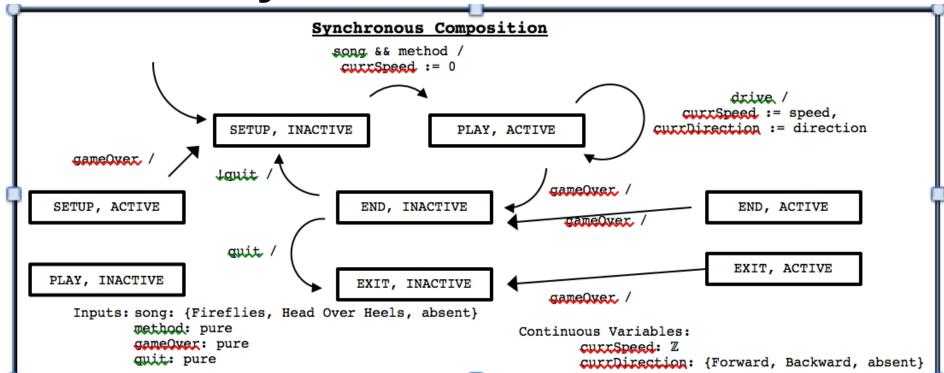
Transmitter code in GUI, uses LightBlue – Bluetooth API



Receiver code on mbed uses mbed API to read serial data from BlueSMiRF

Transmission latency ~ 34ms

Overall System Model



Reaction latency ~78 ms

Issues Raised

Where to do distance calculation?

Faulty iRobot clock

Commanding the iRobot Create

ISRs

Where do we go from here?

Increase user experience

- smarter scoring algorithm
- notes appearing in rhythm, not just each quarter note

Perform distance calculations on mbed/iRobot

- decreases computation on GUI
- can do through multithreading

Multiplayer experience?

- need multiple systems
- single system with split screen and two robots would require more calculations on GUI

Questions?